

NB 2163

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

Certificate No: 2163-PPE-698/01

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured by

Guanyang Yunhan Textile Co., Ltd.

1/F, Yidi Fupin Banqian Jizhong Anzhidian, Shuiche Town, Guanyang County, Guilin City, China

Continues to fulfil the requirements of

EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices -Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles -Requirements, Testing, Marking

Based on the evaluation of test reports and internal quality control audit reports according to EN 149+A1:2009 and Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex VII (Module C2). This certificate implies that the manufactured products show below are in conformance with the approved EU Type Examination model and meets the requirements of the regulation.

Product Definition

Model	Class	EU Type Examination Certificate			
Model	Class	Serial Nr.	Date	Issuing NB Nr.	
YOHAN YH-9500	FFP2	2163-PPE-698	02.06.2020	2163	

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, as shown below, on the Category III product models given above, with:

- Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9.
- Taking all measures necessary so that the manufacturing process and its monitoring
 ensure the homogeneity of production and conformity of the manufactured PPE with the
 type described in the EU type examination certificate.

This certificate is issued on 02/06/2020 and will be valid for one year, until 01/06/2021 if the manufacturer makes no major change in the product designs and manufacturing processes affecting the product performance on the essential health and safety requirement.



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UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION
Director

Verify the validity with the QR code



NB 2163

EU TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE

Certificate No: 2163-PPE-698

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured by

Guanyang Yunhan Textile Co., Ltd.

1/F, Yidi Fupin Banqian Jizhong Anzhidian, Shuiche Town, Guanyang County, Guilin City, China

are tested and evaluated according to

EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices -Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles -Requirements, Testing, Marking

Based on the type examination conducted with the evaluation of test reports, technical file according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 5, it is approved that the product meets the requirements of the regulation.

Product Definition

Brand Name: YOHAN Model: YH-9500 Filtering half mask Classification: FFP2 NR

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, as shown below, on the Category III product models given above, with;

- Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9.
- Ongoing successful performance in fulfilment of the requirements set out in Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and harmonised standards, ensured by assessments based on Annex 7 (Module C2) or Annex 8 (Module D) of the regulation no later than 1 year from the beginning of serial production

This certificate is initially issued on 02/06/2020 and will be valid for 5 years, if there is no change in the relevant harmonised standard affecting the essential health and safety requirements.

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UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION
Director



TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

REPORT DATE / NO: 02.06.2020 / 2163-KKD-698

Manufacturer: Guanyang Yunhan Textile Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Yidi Fupin Banqian Jizhong Anzhidian, Shuiche Town, Guanyang County, Guilin City, China

This report is for the, given above, manufacturer prepared according to the test results obtained from Jiangsu Guojian Testing Technology Co., Ltd. accredited by CNAS (China National Accreditation Service), signatory to ILAC MRA, with number L-10118 for the product identified below, dated 23.05.2020 with Serial Id WSZ FHL F0573 based on EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 standard. The sampling of the product is conducted under our supervision for testing from the manufacturing site of the cient.

The technical file of the manufacturer, and risk evaluation against the essential health safety requirements and the test report evaluated for their relation with Essential Requirements of Personel Protective Equipment Regulation and found to be appropriate.

This report is an annex and an integral part of the EU Type Examination Certificate issued to the manufacturer. The test results and issued certificate belongs only to the tested model. The technical report consists of a total of 6 pages.

Product Description: Particle Filtering Half Mask

Classification: FFP2 NR

Trademark: YOHAN Model: YH-9500







THE CLAUSES OF EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 STANDARD RELATED TO EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVE EU 2016/425 REQUIREMENTS

1.1. Design principles

1.1.1. Ergonomics

PPE must be so designed and manufactured that in the foreseeable conditions of use for which it is intended the user can perform the risk related activity normally whilst enjoying appropriate protection of the highest prossible level.

1.1.2. Levels and classes of protection

1.1.2.1. Highest level of protection possible

The optimum level of protection to be taken into account in the design is that beyond which the constraints by the wearing of the PPE would prevent its effective use during the period of exposure to the risk or normal performance of the activity.

1.1.2.2. Classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk

Where differing foreseeable conditions of use are such that several levels of the same risk can be distinguished, appropriate classes of protection must be taken into account in the design of the PPE.

1.2. Innocuousness of PPE

1.2.1. Absence of risks and other inherent nuisance factors

PPE must be so designed and manufactured as to preclude risks and other nuisance factors under fore seeable conditions of use.

1.2.1.1. Suitable constituent materials

The materials of which the PPE is made, including any of their possible decomposition products, must not adversely affect the health or safety of users.

1.2.1.2. Satisfactory surface condition of all PPE parts in contact with the user

Any part of the PPE that is in contact or is liable to come into contact with the user when the PPE is worn must be free of rough surfaces, sharp edges, sharp points and the like which could cause excessive irritation or injuries

1.2.1.3. Maximum permessible user impediment

Any inpediment caused by PPE to movements to be made, postures to be adopted and sensory perception must be minimized; nor must PPE cause movements which endanger the user or other persons.

1.3 Comfort and effectiveness

1.3.1. Adaptation of PPE to user morphology

PPE must be designed and manufactured in such a way as to facilitate its correct positioning on the user and to remain in place for the foreseeable period of use, bearing in mind ambient factors, the actions to be carried out and the postures to be adopted. For this purpose, it must be possible to adapt the PPE to fit the morphology of the user by all appropriate means, such as adequate adjustment and attachment systems or the provision of an adequate range of sizes.

1.3.2. Lightness and design strength

PPE must be as light as possible without prejudicing design strength and efficiency.

Apart from the specific additional requirements which they must satisfy in order to provide adequate protection against the risks in question (see 3), PPE must be capable of withstanding the effects of ambient phenomena inherent under the foreseeable conditions of use

1.4. Information supplied by the manufacturer

The notes that must be drawn up by the former and supplied when PPE is placed on the market must contain all relevant information on:

- a) In addition to the name and addressof the manufacturer and/or his authorized representative established in the Community
- b) Storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, servicing and disinfection, cleaning, maintenance or disinfectant protection recommended by manufacturers must have no adverse effect on PPE or users when applied in accordance with the relevant instructions;
- c) Performance as recorded during technical tests to check the levels or classes of protection provided by the PPE in guestion;
- d) Suitable PPE accessories and the characteristics of appropriate spare parts;
- e) The classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk and the corresponding limits of use;
- f) The obsolescence deadlineor period of obsolescence of PPEor certain of its components;
- g) The type of packaging suitable for transport;
- h) The significance of any markings(see 2.12)
- i) Where appropriate the references of the Directives applied inaccordance with Article5(6) (b);
- j) The name, address and identification number of the notified body involved in the design stage of the PPE

These notes, which must be precise and comprehensible, must be provided at least in the official language(s) of the member state of destination

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Page 216



2. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS COMMON TO SEVERAL CLASSES OR TYPES OF PPE

2.1. PPE incorporating adjustment systems

If PPE incorporates adjustment systems, the latter must be designed and manufactured so that, after adjustment, they do not become undone unintentionally in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.3. PPE for the face, eyes and respiratory system

Any restriction of the user's face, eyes, field of vision or respiratory system by the PPE shall be minimised.

The screens for those types of PPE must have a degree of optical neutrality that is compatible with the degree of precision and the duration of the activities of the user.

If necessary, such PPE must be treated or provided with means to prevent misting-up.

Models of PPE intended for users requiring sight correction must be compatible with the wearing of spectacles or contact lenses.

2.4. PPE subject to ageing

If it is known that the design performance of new PPE may be significantly affected by ageing, the month and year of manufacture and/or, if possible, the month and year of obsolescence must be indelibly and unambiguously marked on each item of PPE placed on the market and on its packaging.

If the manufacturer is unable to give an undertaking with regard to the useful life of the PPE, his instructions must provide all the information necessary to enable the purchaser or user to establish a reasonable obsolescence month and year, taking into account the quality level of the model and the effective conditions of storage, use, cleaning, servicing and maintenance.

Where appreciable and rapid deterioration in PPE performance is likely to be caused by ageing resulting from the periodic use of a cleaning process recommended by the manufacturer, the latter must, if possible, affix a marking to each item of PPE placed on the market indicating the maximum number of cleaning operations that may be carried out before the equipment needs to be inspected or discarded. Where such a marking is not affixed, the manufacturer must give that information in his instructions.

2.6. PPE for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

PPE intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres must be designed and manufactured in such a way that it cannot be the source of an electric, electrostatic or impact-induced arc or spark likely to cause an explosive mixture to ignite.

2.8. PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations

The instructions supplied by the manufacturer with PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations must include, in particular, data intended for competent, trained persons who are qualified to interpret them and ensure their application by the user.

The instructions must also describe the procedure to be adopted in order to verify that PPE is correctly adjusted and functional when worn by the user. Where PPE incorporates an alarm which is activated in the absence of the level of protection normally provided, the alarm must be designed and placed so that it can be perceived by the user in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.9. PPE incorporating components which can be adjusted or removed by the user

Where PPE incorporates components which can be attached, adjusted or removed by the user for replacement purposes, such components must be designed and manufactured so that they can be easily attached, adjusted and removed without tools.

2.12. PPE bearing one or more identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety

The identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety affixed to these types or classes of must preferably take the form of harmonized pictograms or ideograms and must rem ain perfectly legible throughout the foreseeableuseful life of the PPE. In addition, these marks must be complete, precise and comprehensible so as to prevent any misinterpretation; in particular, where such marks incorporate words or sentences, the latter must appear in the official language(s) of the Member State where the equipment is to be used.

If PPE (or a PPE component) is too small to allow al lor part of the necessary marking to be affixed, the relevant information must be mentioned on the packing and in the manufacturer's notes.

3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO PARTICULAR RISKS

3.10.2. Protection against cutaneous and ocular contact

PPE intended to prevent the surface contact of all or part of the body with substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or with harmful biological agents must be capable of preventing the penetration or permeation of such substances and mixtures and agents through the protective integument under the foreseeable conditions of use for which the PPE is intended.

To this end, the constituent materials and other components of those types of PPE must be chosen or designed and incorporated so as to ensure, as far as possible, complete leak-tightness, which will allow where necessary prolonged daily use or, failing this, limited leak-tightness necessitating a restriction of the period of wear.

Where, by virtue of their nature and the foreseeable conditions of their use, certain substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or harmful biological agents possess high penetrative power which limits the duration of the protection provided by the PPE in question, the latter must be subjected to standard tests with a view to their classification on the basis of their performance. PPE which is considered to be in conformity with the test specifications must bear a marking indicating, in particular, the names or, in the absence of the names, the codes of the substances used in the tests and the corresponding standard period of protection. The manufacturer's instructions must also contain, in particular, an explanation of the codes (if necessary), a detailed description of the standard tests and all appropriate information for the determination of the maximum permissible period of wear under the different foreseeable conditions of use.

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Technical Assessment of EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 Standard and other Standards it refers to, Clauses Corresponding to the (EU) 2016/425 Directive

	Confe	orming to EN	149:2001 + A1:200	09 Standard R	equirements		
Article	Classification: Particle F						
5	Total Inward Leakage: Classification – FFP2						
Article	Packing: Particle filtering half masks are packaged to protect them from contamination before use and with cardboard boxes to prever						
.4	mechanical damage.						
	Material: Materials used in particle filtering half masks, according to the simulated wearing treatment and temperature conditioning reports; It is						
Article	understood withstand ha	ndling and wear	over the period for whi	ch the particle fil	ering half mask is designed	to be used suffered mechanica	
7.5						has not constitute a hazard of	
	nuisance for the wearer.	28.5	×				
Article						i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
7.6	Cleaning and Disinfecti	on: Particle filter	ing half mask is not desi	gned to be as re-u	sable.		
	Practical Performance :						
	Assessed Elements		Positive Negative		Requirements in accordance with EN		
		ou the research of the			149:2001 + A1:20		
Article 7.7	1.The face piece fitting		10	0	Positive results are of		
	2.Head harn	10	0	performance tests			
				0	implementation under		
	5.Field of vi		10	0	evaluation		
		compatibility	10		Crandation	(7.10).	
	with skin	companionity	10	0	No imperf	ections	
	Conditioning: (A.R.) A	s Received, origin	nal				
Article	Finish of Parts: Partials	filtering half me	acks which are likely to	come into conta	t with the user do not have	sharp edges and do not contai	
7.8	burts.	mering nan me	isks, winch are likely to	come into coma	with the user, do not have	smap edges and do not comm	
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Article 7.9.1	The Total Inward Lekag condcution of the excere Temperature conditioning It was reported that; The 46 out of 50 exercise At least 9 of 10 individual	ises defined in the grand as received and as received as measurement real's arithmetic me cording to the re	ne standard. The sample sults are smaller or equal an is smaller or equal to eported results, the problem.	s used in the test to 11% 8% duct meets the lin	are subjected to the condition	ning required in the standard a	
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The state of the s	The Total Inward Lekag condeution of the excerc Temperature conditioning. It was reported that; The 46 out of 50 exercises At least 9 of 10 individual Acc Penetration of filter ma Condition (A.R.)	ises defined in the grand as received and as received as measurement real's arithmetic me cording to the received. Sodium C	sults are smaller or equal an is smaller or equal to eported results, the problem of the problem	to 11% 8% duct meets the lin	are subjected to the condition nits for FFP1 and FFP2 clase	sification.	
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	Tenetration of into	er material:	Paraffin Oil Te	sting					
	Cond	dition	No. of Sample	Paraffin Oil Te 95 L/min max		irements in accordance EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	R	Result	
	(A	(R.)	- 0,3						
Article 7.9.2		(A.R.)		0,2					
		(.R.)	-	0,2		FFP1 ≤ 20 %	Filtering ha	ering half masks fulfill the	
		.W.)		0,3		1111 2 20 70	requirements of the standard EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 given in 7.9.2 in range of the		
		.W.)	1	0,3		FFP2 ≤ 6 %			
				0,3		given in			
.,,		.W.)		1,6				FFP2 classes.	
		S. T.C.)					1111,	I I I I CHUSSES.	
		. T.C.)	•	1,4					
		S. T.C.)	-	1,6					
	Conditioning: (M	.S.) Mechanic	cal Strength						
	(T.	C.) Temperat	ure Conditioning	g					
	(A	.R.) As Recei	ved, original						
			d wearing treatm	nent					
		10.12		2000000				Tra a	
<i>Article</i> 7.10	Compatibility with adverse effect on h			nce report, the likelih	nood of mask mat	erials in contact with the	skin causin	g irritation or other	
	Flammability :						201		
	Condition	No. of Sample	VI	isual inspection	14	ents in accordance with E	SIN	Result	
	(A.R.)	-	-	0,1 s		iltering half mask		Passed	
Article	(A.R.)	-		0,1 s		nall not burn or not	TO	. 1.101 0.1011	
7.11	(T.C.)			0,1 s	10.70	ontinue to burn for		ing half masks fulfill	
	(T.C.)	=		0,1 s		nore than 5 s after	ree	quirements of the standard	
				0,1 5	ren	removal from the flame		standard	
		D \ A = Paggi	ved original						
	Conditioning: (A								
	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE		ture Conditionin	g					
	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	.C.) Tempera	ture Conditionin	g					
	(T.	.C.) Tempera	ture Conditionin	g	An average				
	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Tempera	ture Conditionin		An average	Requirements in accord	dance with		
	(T.	.C.) Tempera ontent of the No. of	inhalation air: CO ₂ content of	f the inhalation air	CO2 content of	Requirements in according FN 149:2001 + A		Result	
Article	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Tempera	inhalation air: CO ₂ content of		CO ₂ content of the inhalation	Requirements in according EN 149:2001 + Al		Result	
	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Tempera ontent of the No. of	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b	f the inhalation air y volume	CO2 content of			Result Passed	
	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Tempera ontent of the No. of	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b.	f the inhalation air y volume	CO ₂ content of the inhalation	EN 149:2001 + A1	1:2009		
	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Tempera ontent of the No. of	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b	f the inhalation air y volume	CO ₂ content of the inhalation air	EN 149:2001 + Al	alation air	Passed	
	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Tempera ontent of the No. of	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b 0,05	f the inhalation air y volume D10	CO ₂ content of the inhalation	EN 149:2001 + Al CO ₂ content of the inh shall not exceed an a	alation air	Passed Filtering half masks	
	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Tempera ontent of the No. of	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b.	f the inhalation air y volume D10	CO ₂ content of the inhalation air	EN 149:2001 + Al	alation air	Passed Filtering half masks	
	Carbon dioxide co	.C.) Temperation of the No. of Sample	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b. 0,00 0,00	f the inhalation air y volume D10	CO ₂ content of the inhalation air	EN 149:2001 + Al CO ₂ content of the inh shall not exceed an a	alation air	Passed Filtering half masks	
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7.12 Article	Carbon dioxide co	No. of Sample	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b 0,05 0,05 0,05 ived, original	f the inhalation air y volume 010 030	CO ₂ content of the inhalation air	EN 149:2001 + Al CO ₂ content of the inh shall not exceed an a	alation air verage of	Passed Filtering half mask: fulfil requirements of the standard	
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7.12 Article 7.13 Article	Carbon dioxide co	No. of Sample	ture Conditioning inhalation air: CO2 content of [%] b. 0,05 0,05 ived, original erformance reporte properties.	f the inhalation air y volume D10 D30 D20 rt, No adverse effec	CO ₂ content of the inhalation air 0,9	CO ₂ content of the inh shall not exceed an ar 1,0% by volur	alation air verage of ne	Passed Filtering half mask: fulfil requirements of the standard	
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YOHAN MASK

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Article 7.17. <mark>2</mark>	Clogging: This test is not applied to Particle Filtering Half Mask which is not reusable. (For single shift use devices, the clogging test is optional test. For re-usable devices test is mandatory.)
Article 7.17.3	Penetration of filter material: This test is not applied to Particle Filtering Half Mask which is not reusable.
Article 7.18	Demountable Parts: There are no demountable parts on the product.
Article 9	Marking - Packaging: Necessary markings are available on the product and its packaging templates.
Article 10	Information to be supplied by the manufacturer: In each of the smallest commercially available packaging of the product, implementation (installation instruction) pre-use controls, warning and usage limitations, storage and meanings of symbols / pictograms are defined.

PREPARED BY	APPROVED BY
Osman CAMCI PPE Expert	Suat KAÇMAZ General Manager

YOHAN MASK

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